

Fiber Optic Module

SFP-10G23-BX20

10.3Gbps SFP+ BIDI Transceiver, Single Mode, 20km Reach

1270nm TX / 1330nm RX



Product Features

- Supports up to 10.7Gbps bit rates
- Hot-pluggable SFP+ footprint
- 1270nm DFB laser and PIN photodiode, Up to 20km for SMF transmission
- Compliant with SFP+ MSA and SFF-8472 with simplex LC receptacle
- Compatible with RoHS
- Single +3.3V power supply
- Real Time Digital Diagnostic Monitoring





Operating case temperature:
Standard: 0 to +70°C
Industrial: -40 to +85°C

Applications

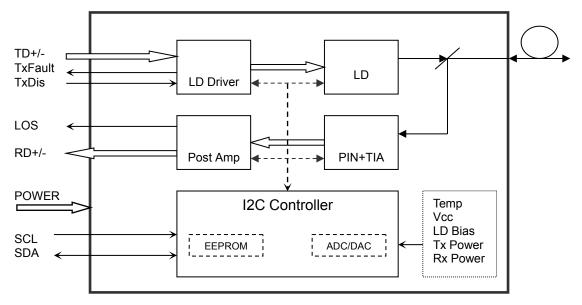
- 10Gbps Optical systems
- 10GBASE-LR at 10.3125Gbps
- ✤ 10GBASE-LW at 9.953Gbps
- LTE systems
- Other Optical links

Description

The SFP+ transceivers are high performance, cost effective modules supporting data rate of 10Gbps and 20km transmission distance with SMF.

The transceiver consists of three sections: a DFB laser transmitter, a PIN photodiode integrated with a trans-impedance preamplifier (TIA) and MCU control unit. All modules satisfy class I laser safety requirements.

The transceivers are compatible with SFP Multi-Source Agreement and SFF-8472 digital diagnostics functions.



Transceiver functional diagram

Absolute Maximum Ratings

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Мах	Unit
Supply Voltage	Vcc	-0.5	4.5	V
Storage Temperature	Ts	-40	+85	°C
Operating Humidity	-	5	85	%

Recommended Operating Conditions

Parameter		Symbol	Min	Typical	Max	Unit
	Standard		0		+70	°C
Operating Case Temperature	Extended	Tc	-20		+80	°C
- F	Industrial		-40		+85	°C
Power Supply Voltage		Vcc	3.135	3.30	3.465	V
Power Supply Current		lcc			350	mA
Data Rate			1.0	10.3	10.7	Gbps

Optical and Electrical Characteristics

Parameter		Symbol	Min	Typical	Мах	Unit	Notes
	Transmitter						
Centre Way	velength	λς	1260	1270	1280	nm	
Spectral Width	n (-20dB)	Δλ			1	nm	
Side-Mode Supp	pression Ratio	SMSR	30	-		dB	
Average Out	put Power	Pout	-3		+2	dBm	1
Extinction	n Ratio	ER	3.5			dB	
Data Input Swin	g Differential	VIN	180		850	mV	2
Input Differentia	al Impedance	ZIN	90	100	110	Ω	
	Disable		2.0		Vcc	V	
TX Disable	Enable		0		0.8	V	
	Fault		2.0		Vcc	V	
TX Fault	Normal		0		0.8	V	
			Receiv	er			1
Centre Way	Centre Wavelength		1320	1330	1340	nm	
Receiver Se	ensitivity				-14.4	dBm	3
Receiver C	Receiver Overload		0.5			dBm	3
LOS De-Assert		LOSD			-15.5	dBm	
LOS Assert		LOSA	-30			dBm	
LOS Hysteresis			0.5			dB	
Data Output Swing Differential		Vout	300		900	mV	4
		High	2.0		Vcc	V	
	LOS				0.8	V	

Notes:

- 1. The optical power is launched into SMF.
- 2. PECL input, internally AC-coupled and terminated.
- 3. Measured with a PRBS 2^{31} -1 test pattern @10312Mbps, BER \leq 1×10⁻¹².
- 4. Internally AC-coupled.



Timing and Electrical

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typical	Max	Unit
Tx Disable Negate Time	t_on			1	ms
Tx Disable Assert Time	t_off			10	μs
Time To Initialize, including Reset of Tx Fault	t_init			300	ms
Tx Fault Assert Time	t_fault			100	μs
Tx Disable To Reset	t_reset	10			μs
LOS Assert Time	t_loss_on			100	μs
LOS De-assert Time	t_loss_off			100	μs
Serial ID Clock Rate	f_serial_clock		100	400	KHz
MOD_DEF (0:2)-High	VH	2		Vcc	V
MOD_DEF (0:2)-Low	VL			0.8	V

Diagnostics

Parameter	Range	Unit	Accuracy	Calibration	
	0 to +70				
Temperature	-20 to +80	°C	±3°C	Internal	
	-40 to +85				
Voltage	3.0 to 3.6	V	±3%	Internal	
Bias Current	0 to 100	mA	±10%	Internal	
TX Power	-6.5 to +2	dBm	±3dB	Internal	
RX Power	-17 to +1	dBm	±3dB	Internal	

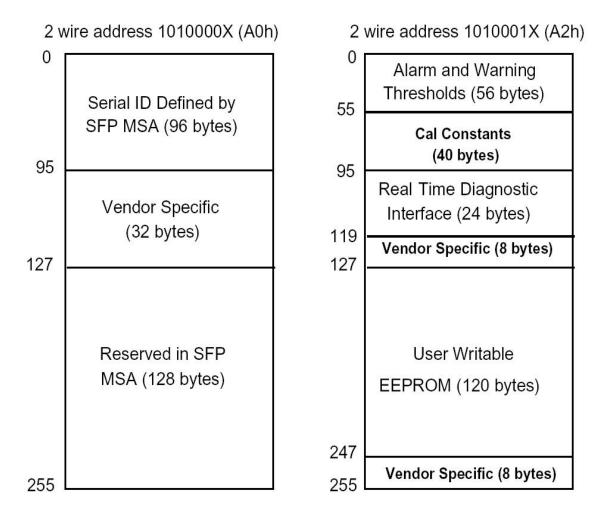


Digital Diagnostic Memory Map

The transceivers provide serial ID memory contents and diagnostic information about the present operating conditions by the 2-wire serial interface (SCL, SDA).

The diagnostic information with internal calibration or external calibration all are implemented, including received power monitoring, transmitted power monitoring, bias current monitoring, supply voltage monitoring and temperature monitoring.

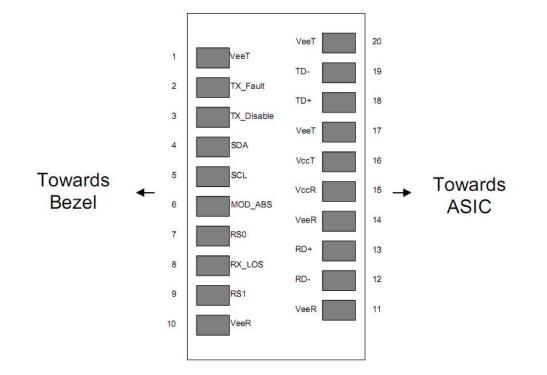
The digital diagnostic memory map specific data field defines as following.





Fiber Optic Module

Pin Descriptions



Pin	Signal Name	Description	Plug Seq.	Notes
1	V _{EET}	Transmitter Ground	1	
2	TX FAULT	Transmitter Fault Indication	3	Note 1
3	TX DISABLE	Transmitter Disable	3	Note 2
4	SDA	SDA Serial Data Signal	3	
5	SCL	SCL Serial Clock Signal	3	
6	MOD_ABS	Module Absent. Grounded within the module	3	
7	RS0	Not Connected	3	
8	LOS	Loss of Signal	3	Note 3
9	RS1	Not Connected	3	
10	V _{EER}	Receiver ground	1	
11	V _{EER}	Receiver ground	1	
12	RD-	Inv. Received Data Out	3	Note 4
13	RD+	Received Data Out	3	Note 4
14	VEER	Receiver ground	1	
15	V _{CCR}	Receiver Power Supply	2	
16	V _{CCT}	Transmitter Power Supply	2	

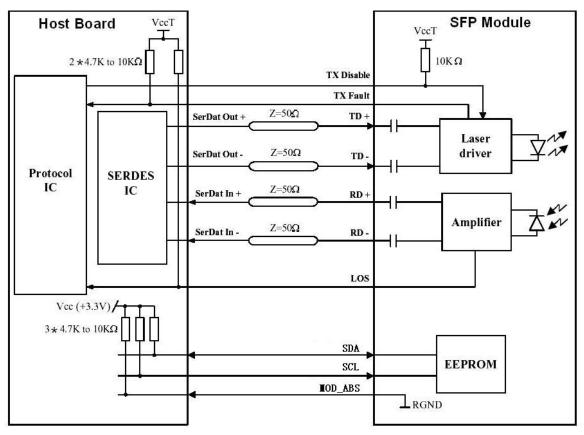


17	VEET	Transmitter Ground	1	
18	TD+	Transmit Data In	3	Note 5
19	TD-	Inv. Transmit Data In	3	Note 5
20	V _{EET}	Transmitter Ground	1	

Notes:

Plug Seq.: Pin engagement sequence during hot plugging.

- TX Fault is an open collector output, which should be pulled up with a 4.7k~10kΩ resistor on the host board to a voltage between 2.0V and Vcc+0.3V. Logic 0 indicates normal operation; Logic 1 indicates a laser fault of some kind. In the low state, the output will be pulled to less than 0.8V.
- 2) Laser output disabled on TDIS >2.0V or open, enabled on TDIS <0.8V.
- LOS is open collector output. Should be pulled up with 4.7k~10kΩ on host board to a voltage between 2.0V and 3.6V. Logic 0 indicates normal operation; logic 1 indicates loss of signal.
- 4) RD-/+: These are the differential receiver outputs. They are internally AC-coupled 100 differential lines which should be terminated with 100Ω (differential) at the user SERDES.
- 5) TD-/+: These are the differential transmitter inputs. They are internally AC-coupled, differential lines with 100Ω differential termination inside the module.

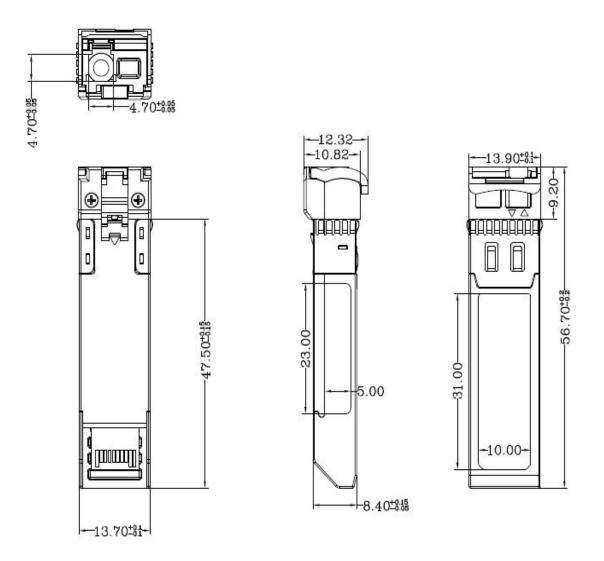


Recommended Interface Circuit



Fiber Optic Module

Mechanical Dimensions



Ordering Information

Part Number	Product Description
SFP-10G23-BX20C	1270T/1330R, 10Gbps, LC, 20km, 0°C~+70°C, with DDM
SFP-10G23-BX20I	1270T/1330R, 10Gbps, LC, 20km, -40°C~+85°C, with DDM